# Off-Shore Wind Development Needs and Implications for Regional Planning and Transportation Workshop Agenda

# **Welcome and Meeting Objectives**– Dave Behrend and Anne Strauss-Wieder, NJTPA

#### What is Off-Shore Wind and What Does it Mean for the Multi-State Region – Matt Shields, National Renewable Energy Laboratory

#### **Off-Shore Wind Developments and Initiatives**

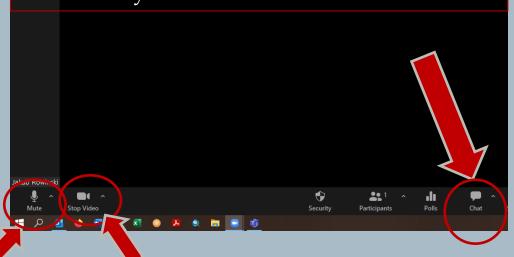
- New York City Developments Max Taffet, New York City Economic Development Corporation
- New Jersey Developments -- Geoffrey Storr, New Jersey Economic Development Authority
- Connecticut Developments --David Kooris, Chair of the Board of the Connecticut Port Authority
- Off-Shore Wind Workforce Initiatives Julia Kortrey, New Jersey Wind Institute

Questions & Discussion – Anne Strauss-Wieder

NITPA

Meeting Wrap-Up & Next Steps – Anne Strauss-Wieder

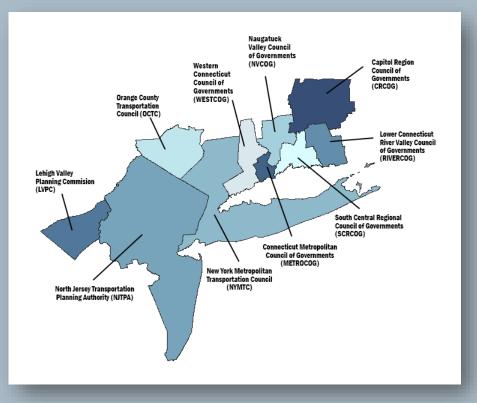
Please use the Chat box to ask questions during the presentations and if requesting credits, please post your name and email, followed by AICP



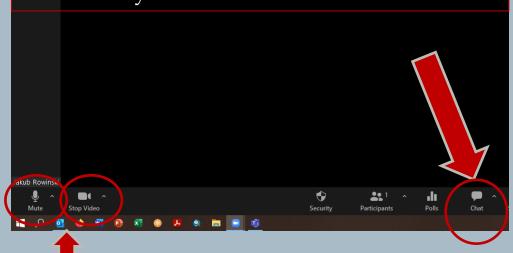
Please mute and turn off your video when not speaking.

# Welcome and Meeting Objectives

- Dave Behrend, NJTPA
- Anne Strauss-Wieder, NJTPA



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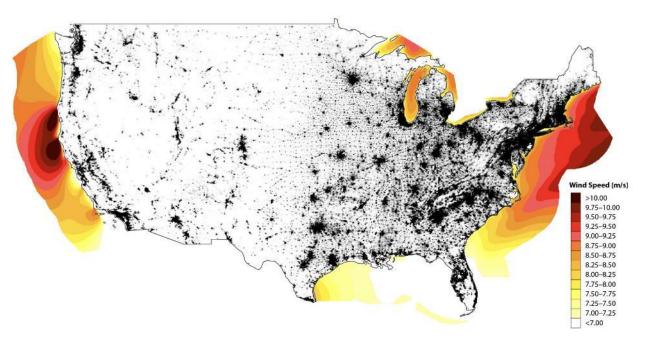


#### What is Offshore Wind and What Does It Mean for the Multi State Region?

#### Matt Shields

Senior Offshore Wind Analyst, National Renewable Energy Laboratory Multi-State Freight Working Group March 23, 2023

#### Why Pursue Offshore Wind Energy?



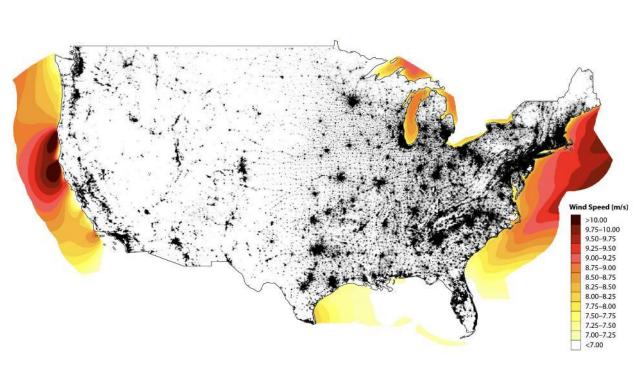
 ✓ Electric generation close to population (80% of U.S. lives near the coast)

- ✓ Stronger, more consistent winds
- ✓ Larger scale projects possible
- ✓ Creates jobs
- Revitalizes ports and domestic manufacturing

Figure credit: NREL

Offshore resource shown out to 50 nm from the coast. US waters extend to 200 nm from coast

#### Where Are the Best U.S. Offshore Wind Resources?



#### **U.S. Offshore Wind Technical Resource Area**

• Wind resource maps show best offshore wind sites

Best sites are not too deep with high steady winds

#### **Resource Technology Filters**

Water depth greater than 1,000 meters (3,280 feet)

AND

Average annual wind speeds
 less than 7 meters/second (15.7 miles per hour; 13.6 knots)

U.S. offshore wind potential is 2 times more than current U.S. electric energy use

#### The 30-MW Block Island Wind Farm is the First Offshore Wind Plant in the United States

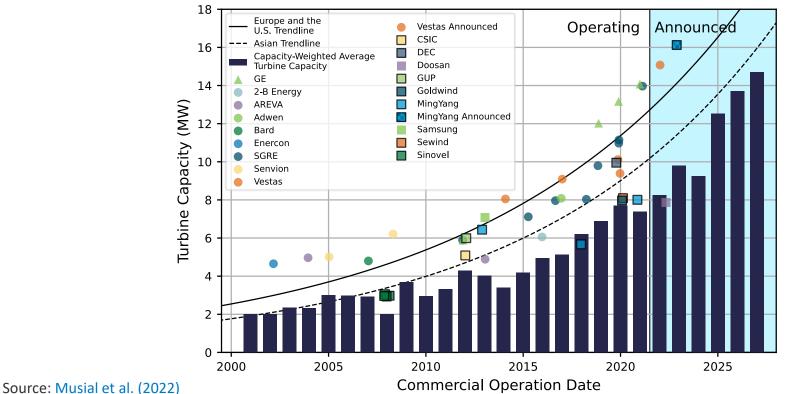


photo credit: Dennis Schroeder

Photo credit: https://www.endiprev.com/case-study/block-island-offshore-wind-farm

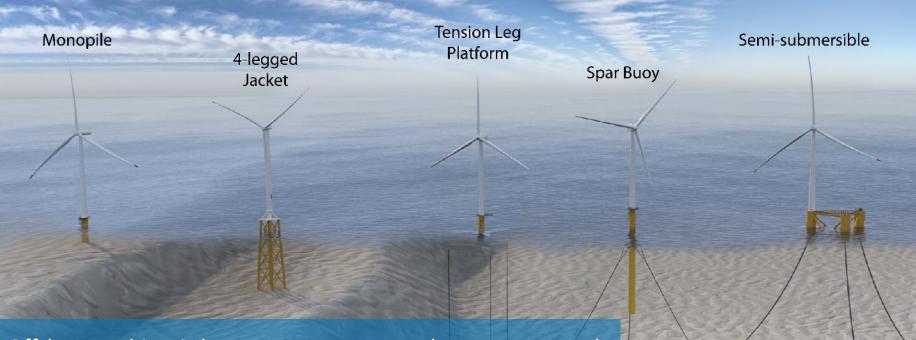
- Five 6-Megawatt (MW) GE Haliade Turbines were installed in 2016 off Block Island, RI
- The wind plant provide enough power for up to 16,000 Rhode Island homes

#### Offshore Wind Turbine Ratings Have Grown Significantly in Recent Years and Now Features >100m Long Blades



Note: GE is General Electric, SGRE is Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy, CSIC is China Shipbuilding Industry Company, DEC is Dongfang Electric Corp., and GUP is Guodian United Power Technology Co., Ltd.

NREL 5



Offshore Turbine Substructure Type Depends on Water Depth

0 to 60 meters depth (fixed bottom)

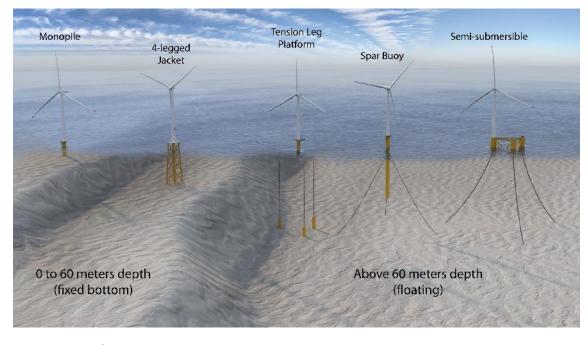
Above 60 meters depth (floating)

Figure credit: Joshua Bauer, NREL

#### Most Offshore Wind Deployment Has Been on Fixed-bottom Support Structures

Leading Offshore Wind Countries (Installed Capacity as of the end of 2022)

27 GW
13.5 GW
8 GW
4 GW
3 MW
2.5 MW



Fixed Bottom >58,000 MW installed

Floating 123 MW Installed

However, the future Floating Wind Energy market may be bigger than the fixed-bottom market

Image by Harland and Wolff Heavy Industries

#### Offshore Wind Port and Infrastructure Requirements



#### Wharf

Reinforced wharf capable of staging, assembling, and lifting heavy components

#### Navigation Channel

Channel with sufficient depth (10-14 m) for large vessels to transit to sea 20 – 100 acre storage and staging of blades, nacelles, towers, possible fabrication of floating substructures

**Upland Yard** 

Minimum 40 – 600 ton lift capacity at 500 feet height

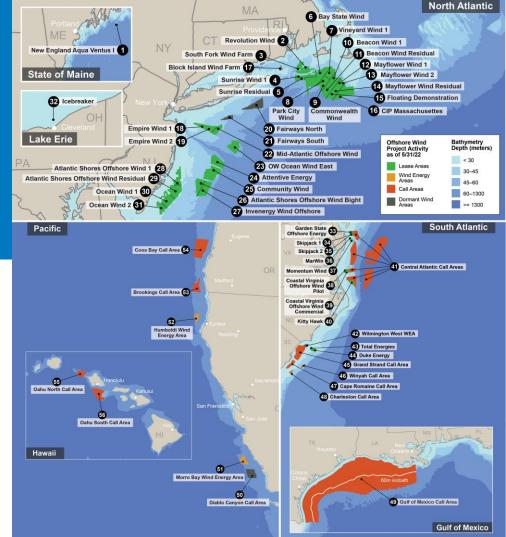
Crane

#### Crew Access & Maintenance

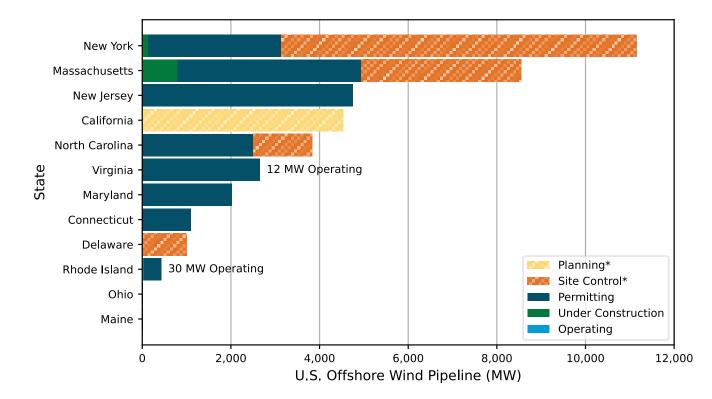
Moorage for crew access vessels. O&M berth for major repairs of full system U.S. Offshore Wind Industry Market as of May 31, 2022, Shows Strength in Essential Economic and Policy Areas, Indicating Accelerated Growth

- U.S. Offshore Wind Target set in March 2021 for 30 gigawatts (GW) by 2030 with pathway to 110 GW by 2050
- 39,322 megawatts (MW) of policy commitments from eight eastern states
- 40,083 MW estimated in total project pipeline
- 42 MW installed

Source: Musial et al. (2022)



#### U.S. Project Pipeline by State Indicates That New York, Massachusetts and New Jersey Have the Majority of Capacity

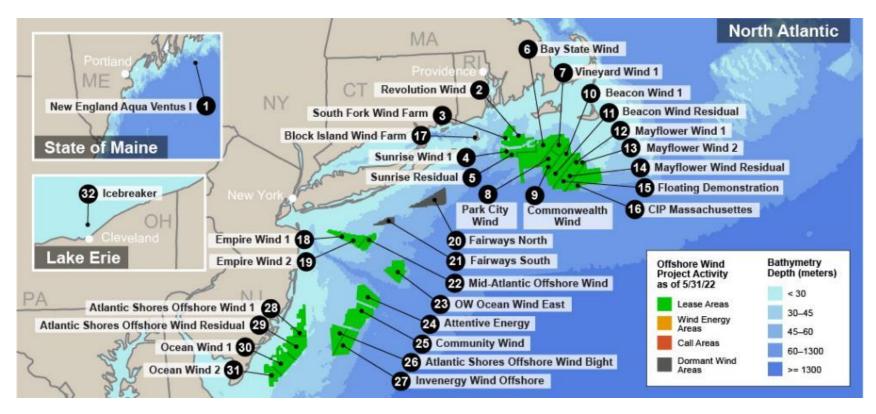


Source: Musial et al. (2022)

\* Capacity for "Permitting" and "Site Control" categories are assigned to the state where the WEA is geographically located. All other categories are assigned to the state where the power will be delivered.

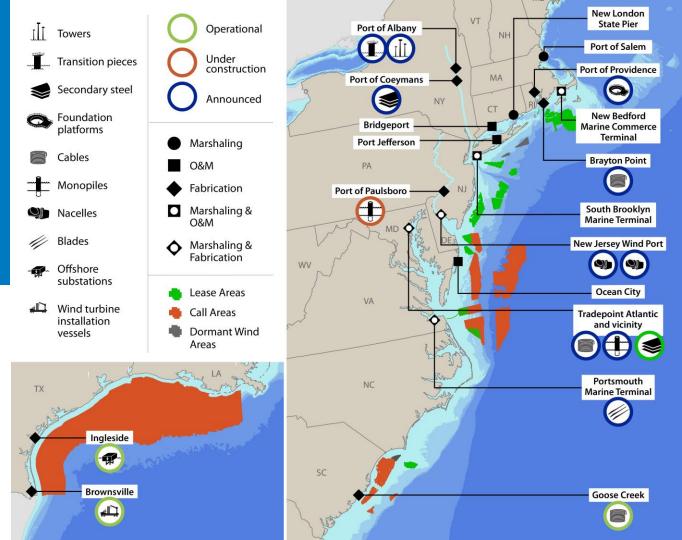
NREL | 10

# Large-Scale Project Development is Underway in the U.S. North Atlantic Region



Source: Musial et al. (2022)

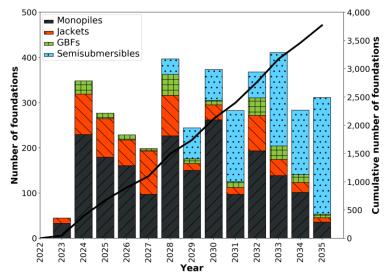
Billions of Dollars Have Been Invested or Announced in Supply Chain, Ports, and Vessels



Source: Musial et al. (2022)

#### The Demand for a Domestic Offshore Wind Supply Chain in the United States

- Achieving the Biden Administration's 30 GW by 2030 offshore wind target will require over 2,000 wind turbines to be installed in U.S. waters
  - Anticipated capital expenditures of over \$100 billion (<u>SIOW, 2021</u>)
- Global supply chains are already at or near capacity to meet European demand
- Domestic manufacturing and installation infrastructure are nascent and unprepared to meet the U.S. demand

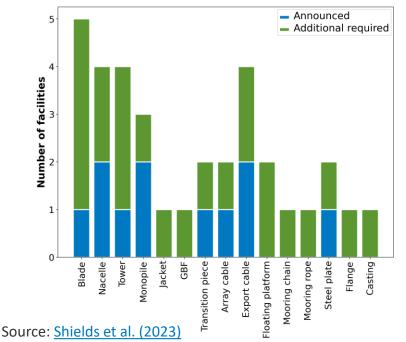


Annual and cumulative demand for fixed-bottom and floating foundations in the U.S. offshore wind industry. <u>Shields, et al (2022)</u>

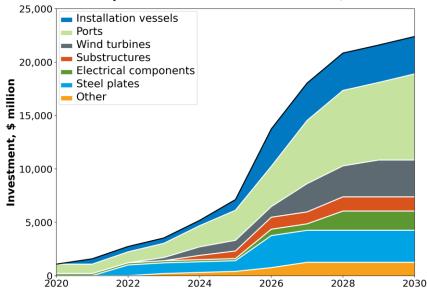
Achieving sustainable offshore wind growth and maximizing the associated economic benefits requires near-term planning and investment to develop a domestic supply chain

A domestic supply chain that can manufacture all major offshore wind components needed to install 4 – 6 GW per year could require \$22.4 billion and 6-9 years to develop

A domestic offshore wind energy supply chain designed to meet the annual demand for major components in 2030 would require at least 34 new manufacturing facilities

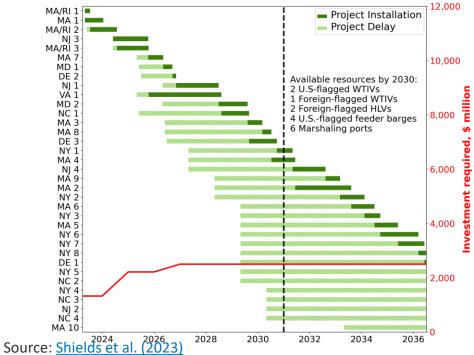


A domestic offshore wind energy supply chain designed to meet the annual demand for major components in 2030 would require an investment of at least \$22.4 billion

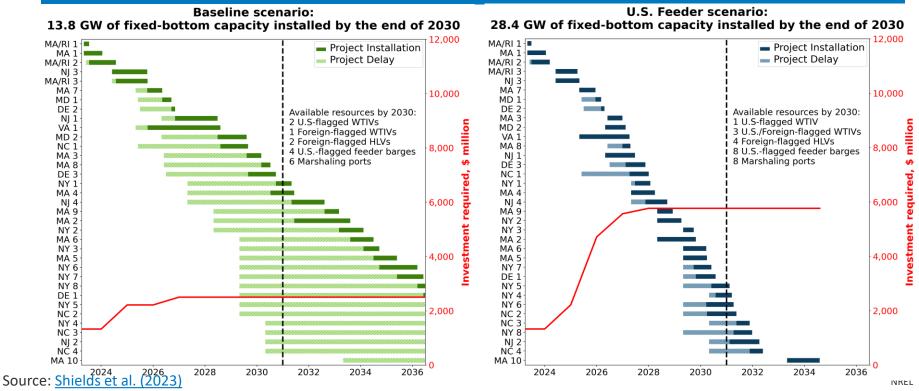


#### The offshore wind sector likely needs to invest around \$6 billion in marshalling ports and large installation vessels to deploy 30 GW by 2030

Baseline scenario: 13.8 GW of fixed-bottom capacity installed by the end of 2030

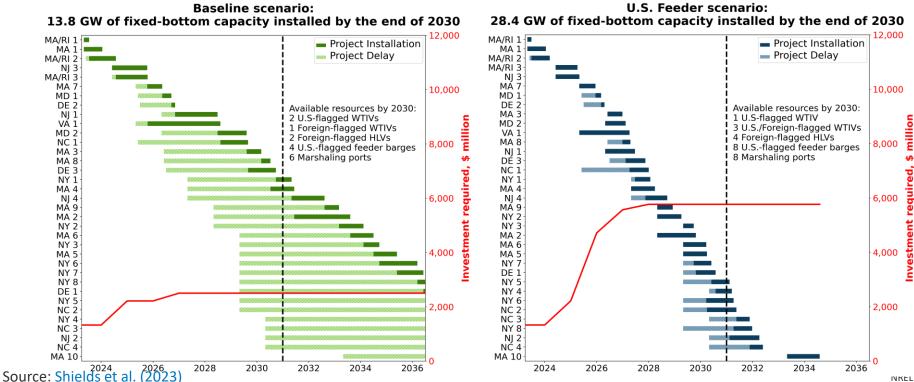


#### The offshore wind sector likely needs to invest around \$6 billion in marshalling ports and large installation vessels to deploy 30 GW by 2030



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#### A significant number of additional vessels will be required for construction (survey, transport, cable-lay) and operation (crew transfer, service operation) activities



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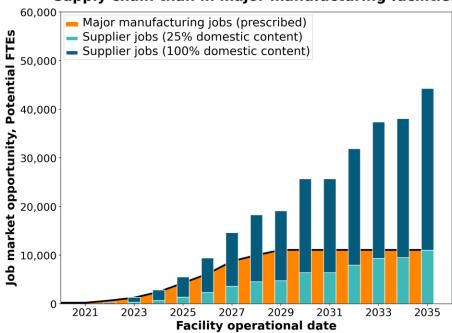
#### Developer construction plans identify a high demand (and potential range) for transport vessels

Project	Installation window	Min. transport vessels	Max. transport vessels
South Fork	2023	9	16
Vineyard Wind	2023	1	6
Revolution Wind	2023-2024	8	15
Ocean Wind 1	2024-2026	10	50
Coastal Virginia	2025-2027	2	2
US Wind	2025-2026	15	27
Empire Wind	2025-2026	2	5
New England	2026-2027	2	6
Atlantic Shores	2026-2028	5	6
Mayflower Wind	2026-2028	1	20
TOTAL		57	143

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Manufacturing major components could require 10,000 direct jobs – but there is an opportunity space for up to 5 times as many jobs in the supporting supply chain

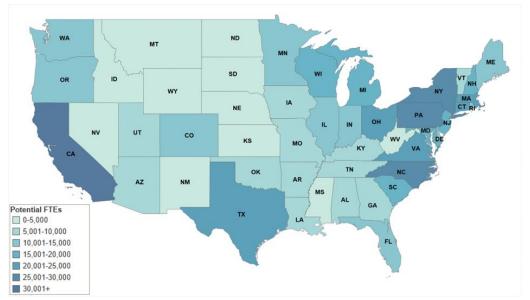
> An offshore wind supply chain could create a vast number of jobs, with a higher market opportunity in the supporting supply chain than in major manufacturing facilities



Source: Shields et al. (2023)

Many states have existing capabilities that can fill the manufacturing demand. Regional coordination could create a more efficient supply chain with broad benefits

> Job market opportunity space for major manufacturing and supporting supplier jobs by 2035



Supply chain investments will directly impact vulnerable (port) communities. **Development should** consider potential positive and negative impacts through a common framework of measurable indicators

Category	Indicator		
Contextual	Social vulnerability		
	Impoverished community members		
	Community members with educatio	nal barriers	
	Unemployed community members		
	Racial or ethnic composition of com	nmunity members	
	Health of community members		
	Environmental health		
Procedural	Community group engagement		
	Community member participation		
	Agency and decision-making power		
	Local workforce		
Impact (socioeconomic)	Local businesses		
	Local homes/families		
	Community support		
Impact (health, safety, environmental)	Monitoring		
	Workforce safety		
	Community safety	Source: Shields et al. (2023)	

#### **Key Takeaways**

- The U.S. offshore wind industry is poised to grow rapidly in the next several years, with a target of 30 GW installed by 2030
- Much of the leasing, state activity, supply chain investment is concentrated in the North Atlantic
- There will be significant need for ports, vessels, marine logistics to ensure that development can be accomplished on time
- There is a strong pipeline of projects that will create a demand for workforce through the 2030s (and this pipeline will continue to expand)

## Thank you!

#### www.nrel.gov

Matt.Shields@nrel.gov

This work was authored by staff from the Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC, the manager and operator of the National Renewable Energy Laboratory for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) under Contract No. DE-AC36-08GO28308. Funding was provided by the Department of Energy's Wind Energy Technologies Office. The views expressed in this document do not necessarily represent the views of the DOE or the U.S. Government. The U.S. Government retains and the publisher, by accepting the document for publication, acknowledges that the U.S. Government retains a nonexclusive, paid-up, irrevocable, worldwide license to publish or reproduce the published form of this work, or allow others to do so, for U.S. Government purposes.

**EXAMPLE ENERGY LABORATORY** 

# Off-Shore Wind Developments and Initiatives

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- New Jersey Developments -- Geoffrey Storr, New Jersey Economic Development Authority
- **Connecticut Developments** --David Kooris, Chair of the Board of the Connecticut Port Authority
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#### **OFFSHORE WIND 불**

## Offshore Wind Opportunity In NYC

www.edc.nyc/OSW

March 23, 2023





# New York is committed to 100% Clean zero-emission electricity by 2040 most aggressive goal in the nation

Slide Courtesy of NYSERDA

# of offshore wind 135 by

**10,000 JOBS ENOUGH TO POWER 6 MILLION HOMES BILLIONS IN** INFRASTRUCTURE 30% OF NEW YORK'S **ELECTRICITY LOAD** 

#### **THE PLAN**

# **15 Years \$191+ Million 3 Core Strategies**



#### Sites and Infrastructure

Developing best-in-class infrastructure that will support the construction and operation of 12 GW of offshore wind



#### Businesses and Workforce

Preparing local workers and businesses to seize upon the opportunities that will be created by infrastructure investments

#### **Research** and Innovation

Promoting innovation in offshore wind to ensure that new technologies and approaches are created in New York City



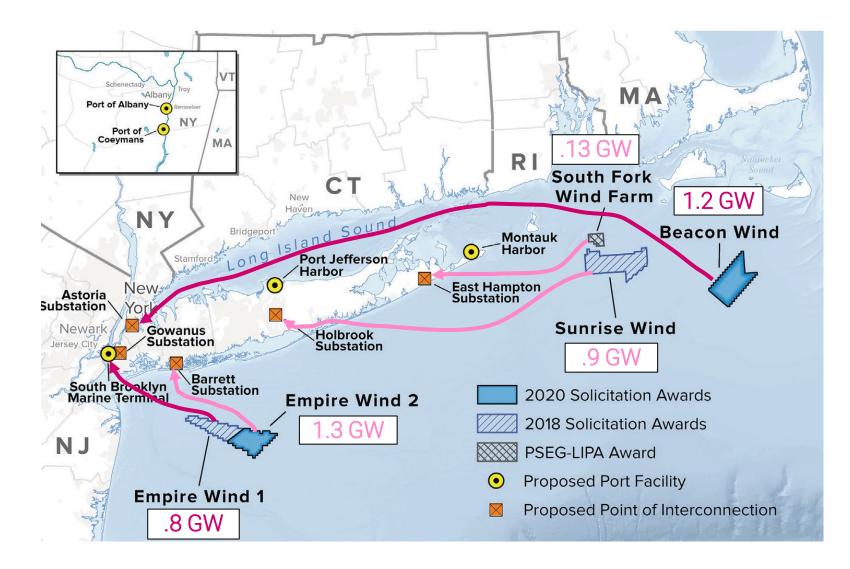
NYSERDA contracted for 4.4 GW (~50%) of **9 GW** OSW goal, estimate 60% needs to go direct to NYC grid

## ~Up to 4.6 GW Into NYC

#### Max 1.3 GW into LI for NY3

NY will host multiple onshore sites to support these wind farms:

- Manufacturing
- Staging at SBMT
- O&M at SBMT & Port Jeff
- Interconnection



# New York Third OSW Solicitation 2022: ORECRFP22-1

# 70% Price 20% Economic Benefits 10% Viability

Case 18-E-0071 | CES 15-E-0302 offshorewind.ny.gov

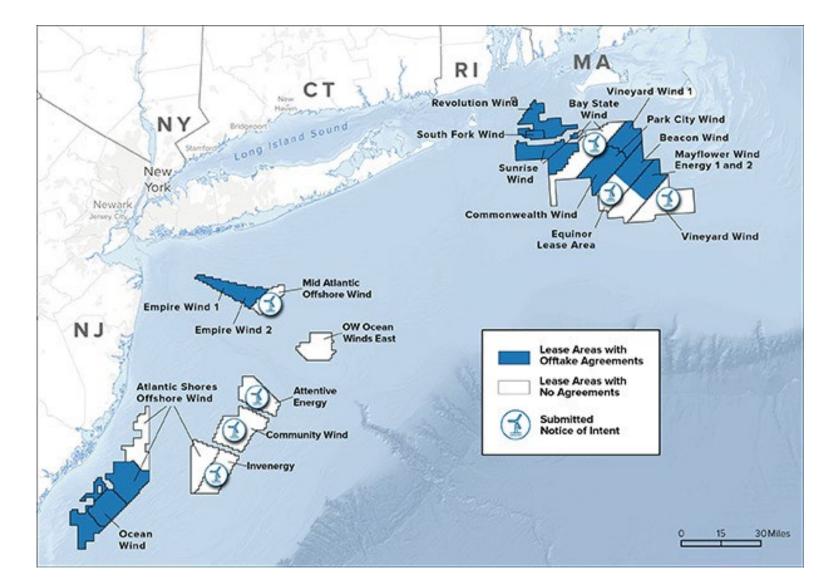
#### **Proposal Due** January 26, 2023

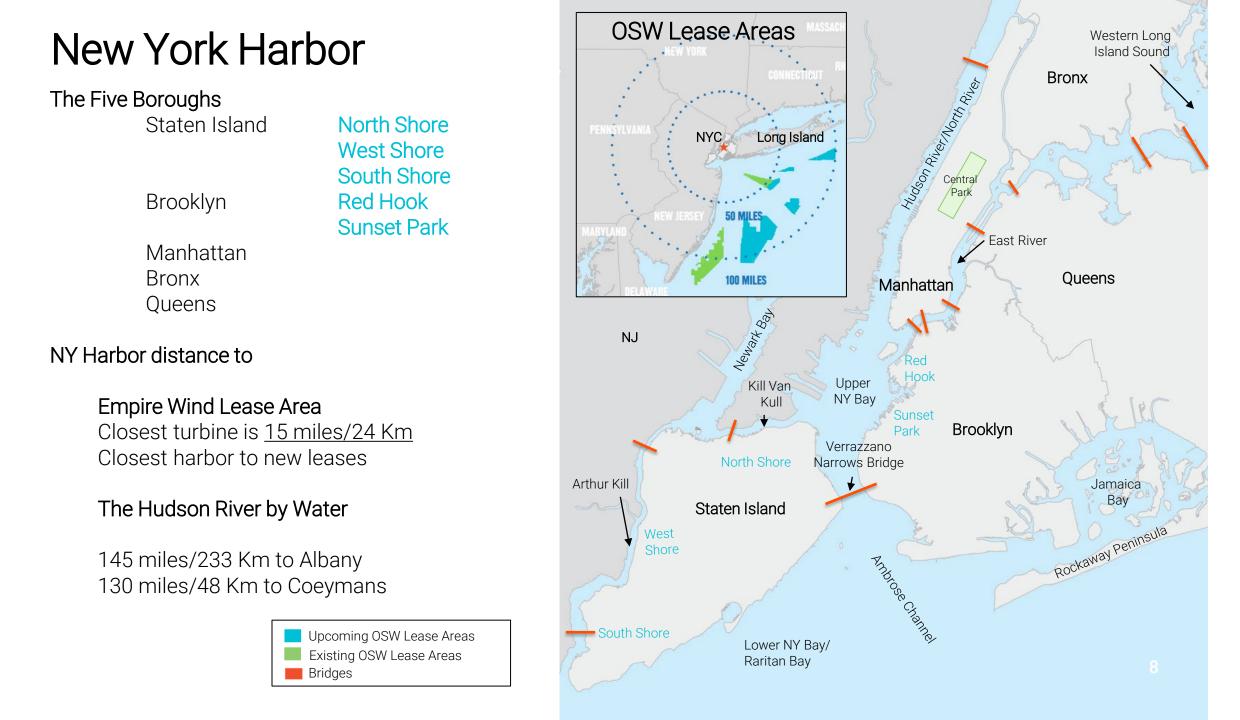
- Target of at Least 2 GW
- \$500 Million Funding to Catalyze Multiple Marquee Investments and stimulate a local supply chain
- Stakeholder Engagement and Environmental/Technical Stewardship
- Building Equity and Delivering Benefits to NYS Disadvantaged Communities
- 2021 NYS PSL Obligations: Prevailing Wage, PLAs, and Project Peace Agreements (O&M)

## 2022 Offshore Wind Solicitation Proposal Submitters

- Vineyard Wind & Mid Atlantic OSW (Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners)
- Beacon Wind 2 (Equinor/BP)
- Sunrise Wind 2\_(Orsted/Eversource)
- Leading Light Wind (Invenergy/EnergyRe, aka Related Co)
- Attentive Energy (TotalEnergies)
- Community Offshore Wind (National Grid/RWE)

7 Lease Areas 6 Respondents 100+ Distinct Proposals





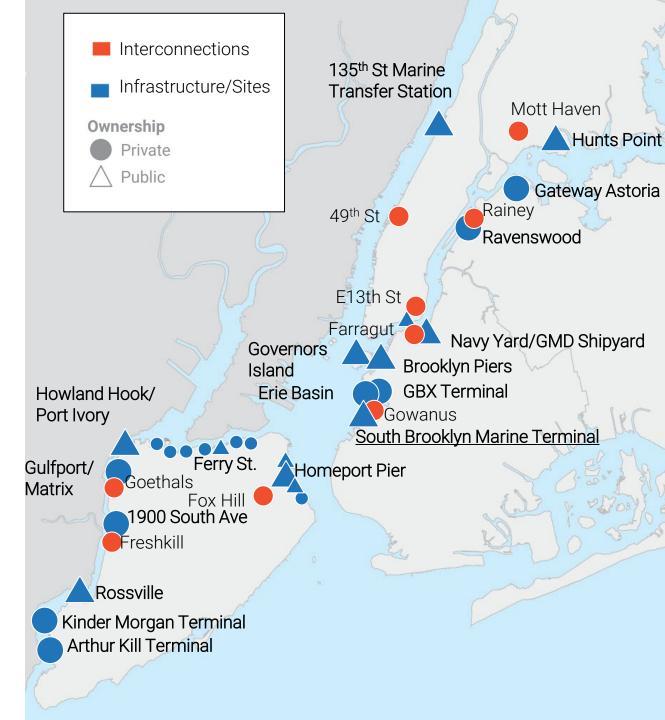
# NYC has the Waterfront Assets and Waterways

NYC 520 Miles of Waterfront

Port of NY/NJ largest most diverse port complex on East Coast of the US

Water Conditions (vessel draft, pinch points)

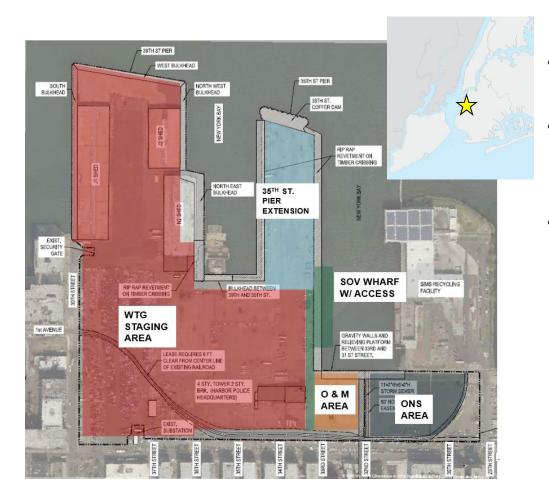
Federally Maintained Shipping Channels



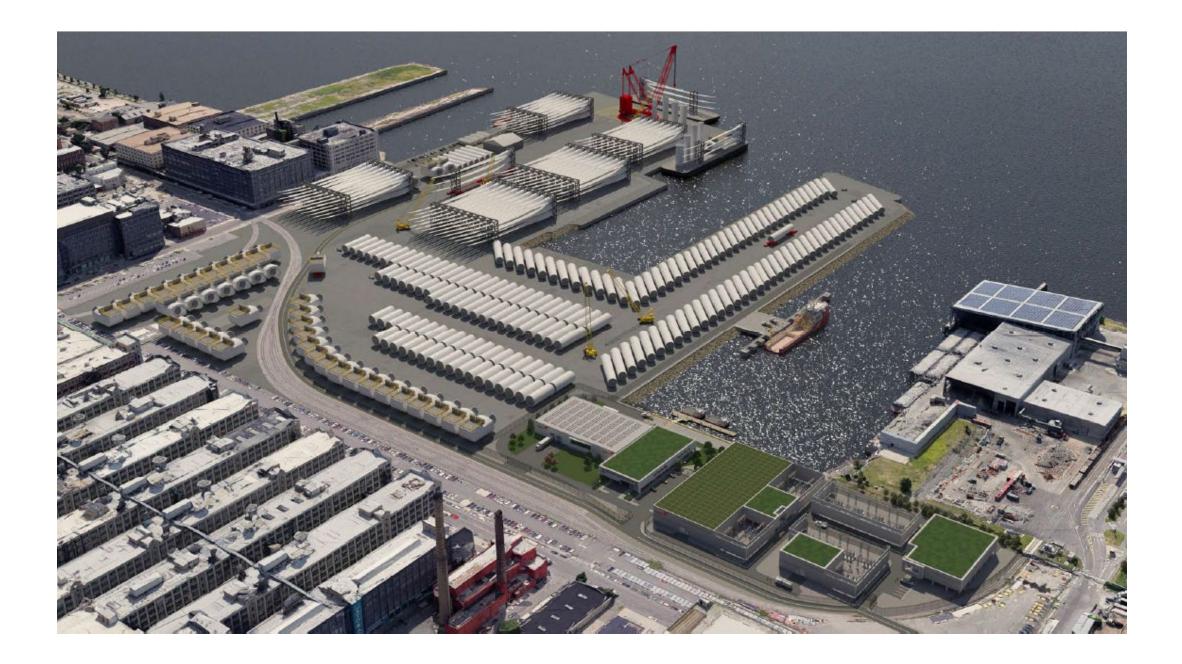
# NY Round 1 & 2 NYC Infrastructure



### SBMT is EDC's first investment in a broad portfolio of OSW projects

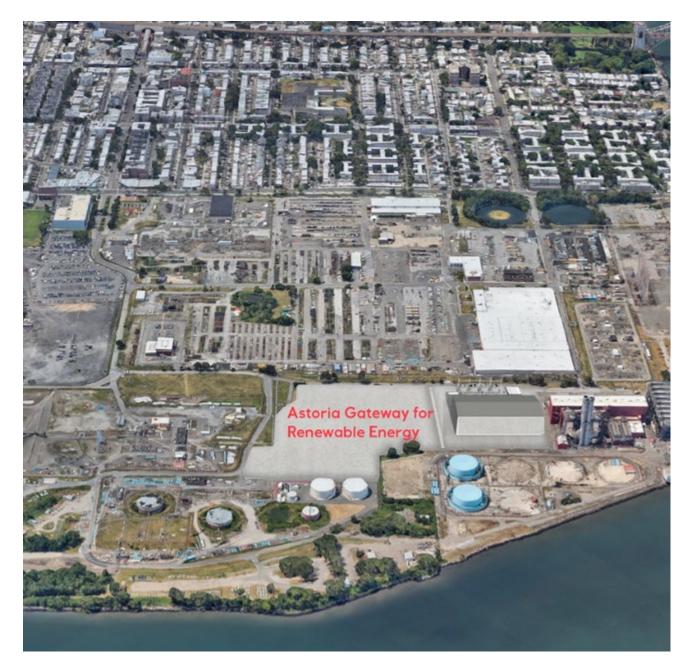


- Equinor to use site for <mark>staging</mark> and the O&M + interconnection (over 32-years), creating ~1200 jobs \$270M port improvement of 39<sup>th</sup> St Pier and O&M
- work anticipated to start in Q1 2024 funded w/ state, city and private funds
- Equinor to deliver on community benefits, including:
  - Developing SBMT as a low-emissions facility
  - Establishing a \$5M Ecosystem Fund
  - Reaching 30% MWBE target & supporting an M/WBE capacity building program
  - Building OSW learning center in Sunset Park



## Astoria Gateway for Renewable Energy





## NY Round 3 Possible NYC Infrastructure



## Brooklyn Navy Yard: Dry Dock 4

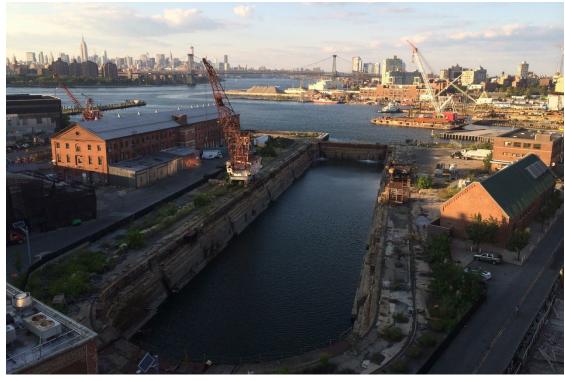


Image Source: Turnstyle Tours



Image Source: Flickr

### Ravenswood Generating Station

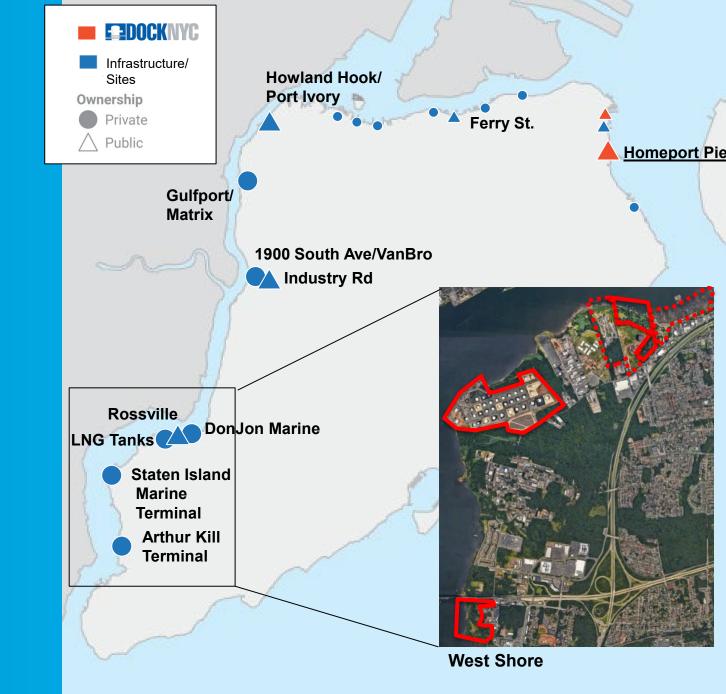




Image Source: Attentive Energy One

## Local Firms & Sites

- Atlantic Salt/Celtic Marine
- Billybey Marina Services
  - www.docknyc.com
    - Pier 1
    - Homeport Pier at Stapleton
- Caddell Dry Dock
- D'Onofrio General Contractors
- Reinauer/Wind Serve
- Great Lakes Dredge
- Kirby Offshore Marine
- May's Shipyard
- McAllister Towing and Transport
- Miller's Launch
- Reynolds Shipyard
- Sterling Equipment Inc.



### Rossville Offshore Wind Port

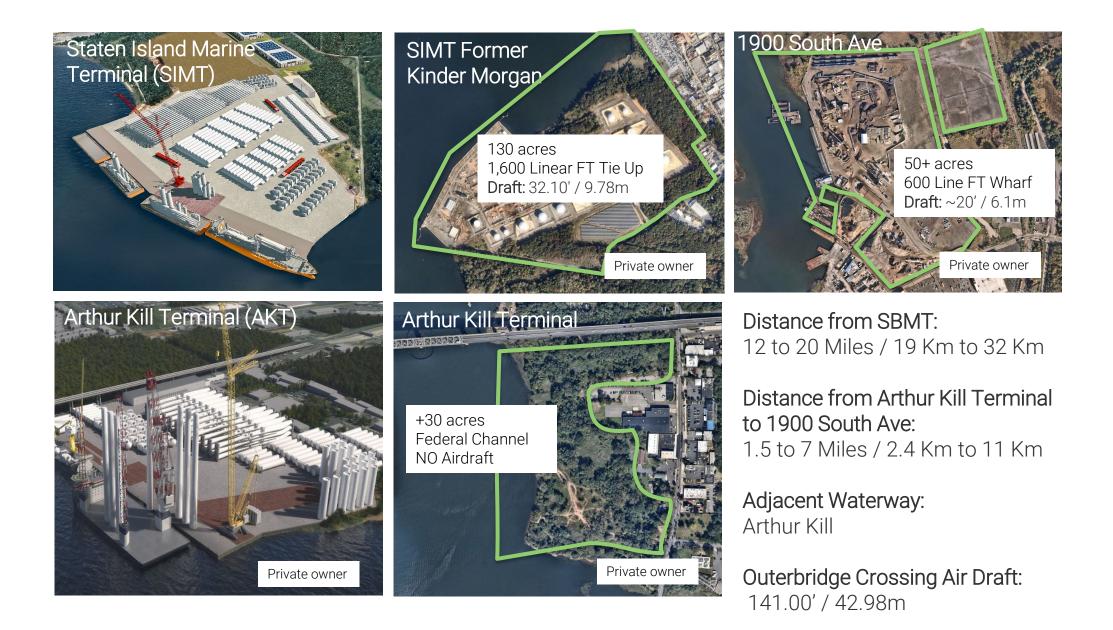


Address: Size: Zoning: B-B-L: Jurisdiction: DCAS 2629 Arthur Kill Road 33 Acres M3-1 5-7162-100 City-owned site on SI West Shore available for siting largescale OSW component manufacturing:

- West Shore is the only NYC geography that can host OSW sized manufacturing footprint
- Site *location* near other ports + bight drives competitive position
- Goal is to secure an OSW Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) to *manufacture wind components*, opening growth opportunities for local sub suppliers; other uses possible
- RPF encourages underutilized *neighboring sites* to activate for OSW

RFP timed to leverage NYSERDA's solicitation by issuing conditional designation letter(s) before power solicitation due:

- *Maximizes site demand* NY's solicitation asks OSW developers to use NYS sites in their plans
- Provides access to funding RFP respondent can apply for portion of \$500M in OREC
- Bolsters economic benefits by giving City opportunity to shape economic development package OSW developers propose to State



A&C

## Contact: <u>mtaffet@edc.nyc</u>

www.nyserda.ny.gov/All-Programs/Offshore-Wind/Focus-Areas/

Offshore-Wind-Solicitations/2022-Solicitation



# New Jersey's Offshore Wind Economy

March 2023



### New Jersey is an emerging hub for offshore wind







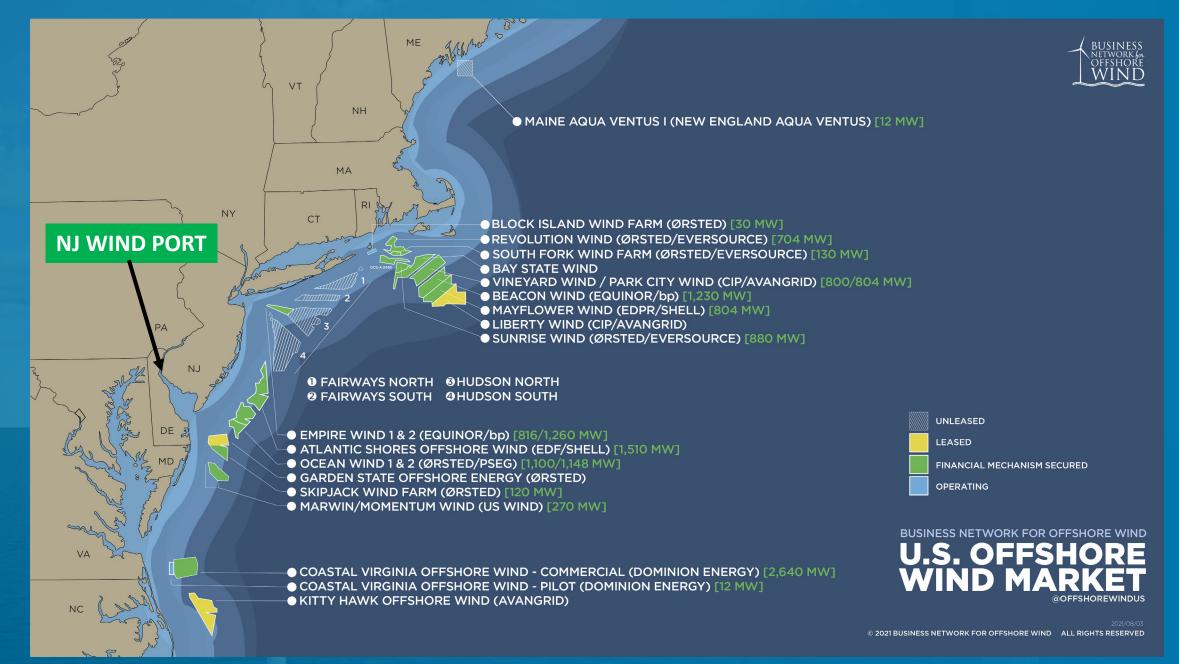


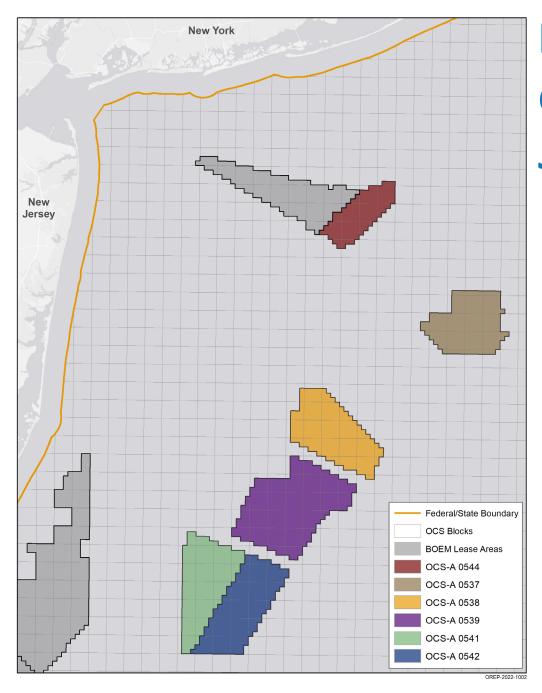
Strong political commitment and central location 11,000 MW of procurement through 2040 & novel transmission strategy

Supply chain investments to support wind projects & localize supply chain

Strong workforce, research, & innovation infrastructure

#### **CENTRALLY LOCATED ALONG THE WIND BELT, THE NJWP WILL SERVE AS A REGIONAL ASSET**





Five new offshore wind developers have entered the New Jersey market this year

 Vineyard Mid-Atlantic (Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners)
 OW Ocean Winds East
 Attentive Energy (TotalEnergies)
 Community Offshore Wind (RWE/ National Grid)
 Atlantic Shores



# New Jersey has a steady and consistent procurement of offshore wind every two years through the NJ Board of Public Utilities

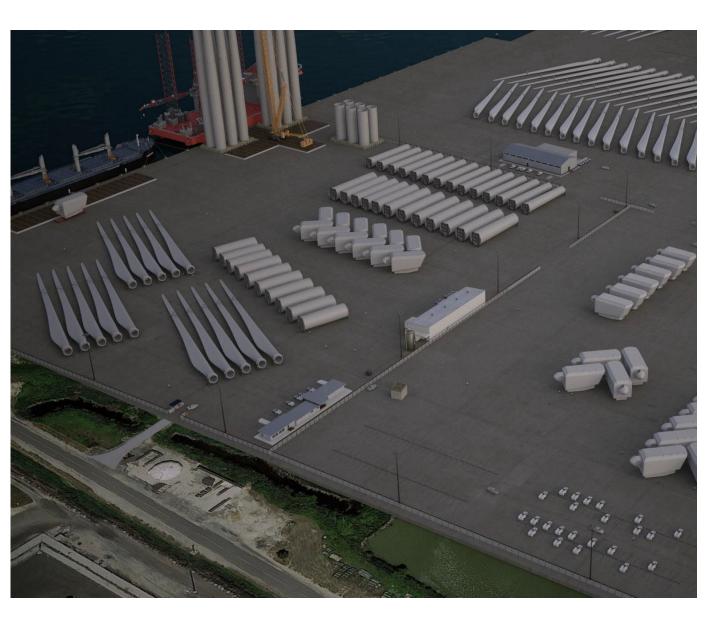
Solicitation	Minimum Capacity Target (MW)*	Capacity Awarded (MW)	Issue Date	Submittal Date	Award Date	Estimated COD
1	1,100	1,100	Q3 2018	Q4 2018	Q2 2019	2024-25
2	1,200 - 2,400	2,658	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q2 2021	2027-29
3	1,200 - 4,000		Q1 2023	Q2 2023	Q4 2023	2030
4	1,200**		Q3 2024	Q4 2024	Q2 2025	2032
5	1,200**		Q3 2026	Q4 2026	Q2 2027	2034
6	1,200**		Q3 2028	Q4 2028	Q2 2029	2036
7	1,200**		Q3 2030	Q4 2030	Q2 2031	2038
Total Awarded + Target	11,000	)				

\*The Board may award projects above or below the target

\*\*To be adjusted based on previous solicitation awards

#### PORTS ARE THE CRITICAL ENABLER OF A TIMELY & COST-EFFECTIVE OSW TRANSITION

	Marshalling	Manufacturing	O&M
Use period	Short-term/ project-based	Medium-long term (10-20 years)	Long-term (25+ years/project life)
Air-draft	Unrestricted	Standard	Standard
Dredge (ft)	35-40	<35*	Standard
Size (acres)	30 minimum	Facility dependent (30 – 90 acres)	<10
Weight bearing	>6k psf (wharf) >4k psf (uplands)	>4k psf (wharf) >4k psf (uplands)	Standard
Max distance to farm (miles)	<200	N/a**	<50 (CTVs) <140 (SOV)
Intermodal connectivity	Nice to have but not essential	Rail is beneficial if steel-intensive (e.g., monopiles)	Not essential
Current availability	Very limited	Limited	Less limited



\*Excludes gravity-based foundations; \*\*Assumes turbine components are barged to a marshalling port. Foundations typically barged directly out to site Sources: NJEDA analysis; BVG Associates, 2021

# Additional sites available for offshore wind component manufacturing

- Repauno Port & Rail Terminal Tier 1 manufacturing, raillinked, ~2-3 years to be supply chain ready
- Bayonne Tier 1 manufacturing, ~2-3 years to be supply chain ready
- Port of Salem Tier 2-3 manufacturing, rail-linked, ~<5 years to be supply chain ready
- Chemours Chambers Works Tier 1 manufacturing, ~<7 years to be supply chain ready
- Other sites to consider: Sayreville, Chemours Linden, Naval Weapons Station Earle, North & McLester

Contact Choose New Jersey for support in site selection





Port analysis details in New Jersey's Offshore Strategic Plan: https://www.nj.gov/bpu/pdf/Final NJ OWSP 9-9-20.pdf

# The New Jersey Wind Port is the first purpose-built wind port in the U.S.

### Lower Alloways Creek, NJ

Uniquely able to service the offshore wind marshalling and manufacturing needs

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Construction has begun with phase one expected to be completed in 2024

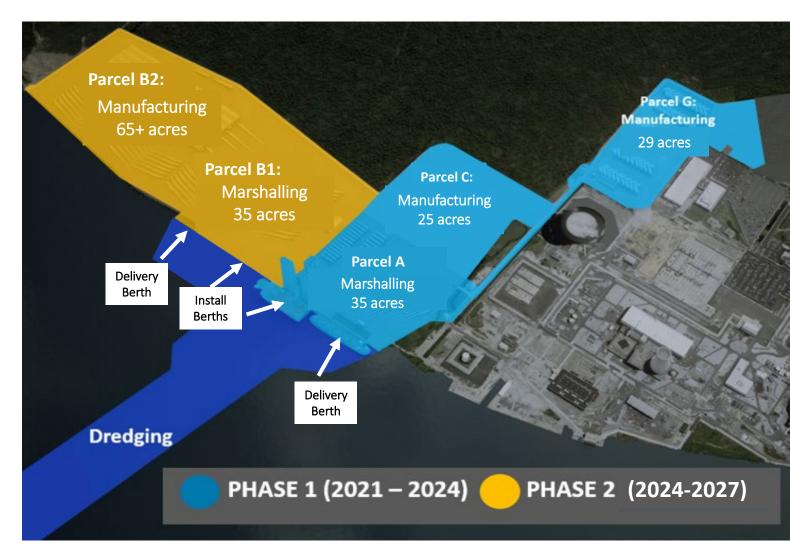
Will create up to 1,500 manufacturing and operations jobs

### The Port will be developed in phases from 2021 to 2027

#### Marshalling specifications

- 35 acres x 2
- Purpose-built heavy lift install and delivery berths
- Heavy-haul road connections from inland manufacturing to the wharf
- Install berths exclusive to marshalling, delivery berths shared with manufacturing tenants
- Parcel A construction commenced Q4
   2021 due to complete Q1 2024
- Parcels G, C, D, E and B at permitting stage
- B1 to start construction Q1 2024





# What types of traffic will the port create?

Most materials and components will arrive to the port by sea
Some smaller components may be imported via truck









# Offshore wind developers and manufacturers have committed to locate at the New Jersey Wind Port

**Orsted's Ocean Wind II**, 1,148 MW project is committed to nacelle assembly with GE



Atlantic Shores' 1,510 MW project is committed to nacelle assembly, preliminarily with Vestas



#### NJEDA received 16 non-binding bids from six bidders in Oct 2021

# EEW monopile foundation fabrication facility is being developed in Paulsboro, NJ



- EEW is a German monopile foundation company opening a <u>new facility in 2023</u>
- Potentially 300 to 500 new jobs will be created, primarily in welding and painting



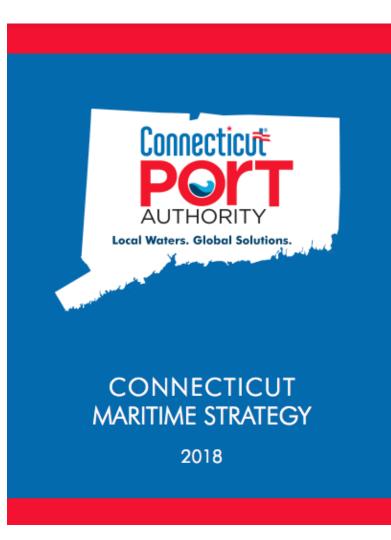
### Looking ahead in New Jersey

New Jersey's third offshore wind solicitation released by NJBPU - March 2023

- New Jersey Wind Port leasing 65+ acre parcel for Tier 1 manufacturing (Timing TBD)
- ► Updated NJ port analysis in Offshore Wind Strategic Plan



## 2018 Maritime Strategy for the State of Connecticut



- Manage the State Pier to Increase Utilization and Profitability
- Build More Volume in Our Commercial Ports
- Support Dredging of Connecticut's Ports and Waterways
- Support the Small Harbor Improvement Projects Program (SHIPP)
- · Create Intermodal Options
- · Leverage Emerging Opportunities
- Enhance Ferry Systems and Cruise Coordination Activities
- Ensure Future Support of CPA



# Economic Impacts of Connecticut's Maritime Industry



IMPACTS of the CONNECTICUT MARITIME INDUSTRY

Prepared for Connecticut Port Authority Prepared by Connecticut Economic Resource Center, Inc.

July 2019



In 2019, an Authority-commissioned study found that the maritime industry in Connecticut generates an estimated **\$11.2 billion dollars annually** and supports an estimated **59,800 jobs** across the state.



# Connecticut's Maritime Profile

#### **Deepwater Ports**



BRIDGEPORT



```
NEW HAVEN
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#### NEW LONDON

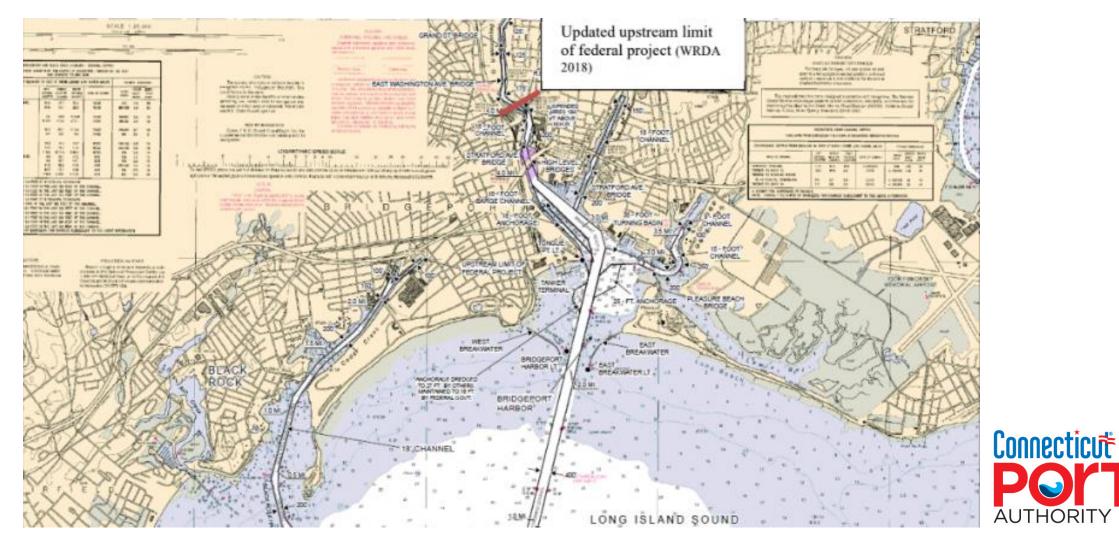
#### **Small Harbors and Waterways**

Small harbors in shoreline towns support additional marine activity.

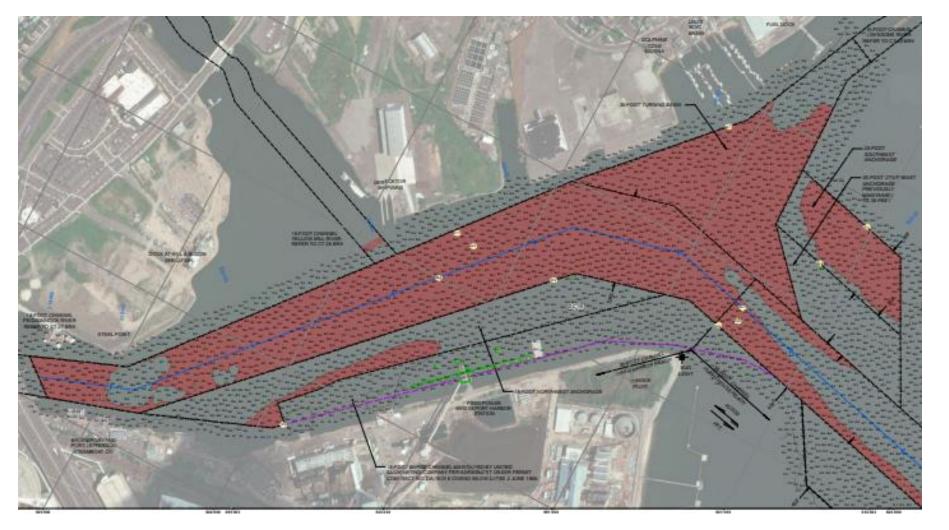
Domestic goods go into and out of Stamford and other small harbors, while a range of recreation and tourism activities drive related sectors of the economy.



#### **Bridgeport at-a-Glance**



#### **Bridgeport Maintenance Dredge**





#### **Bridgeport East Harbor Availability**



Connecticut

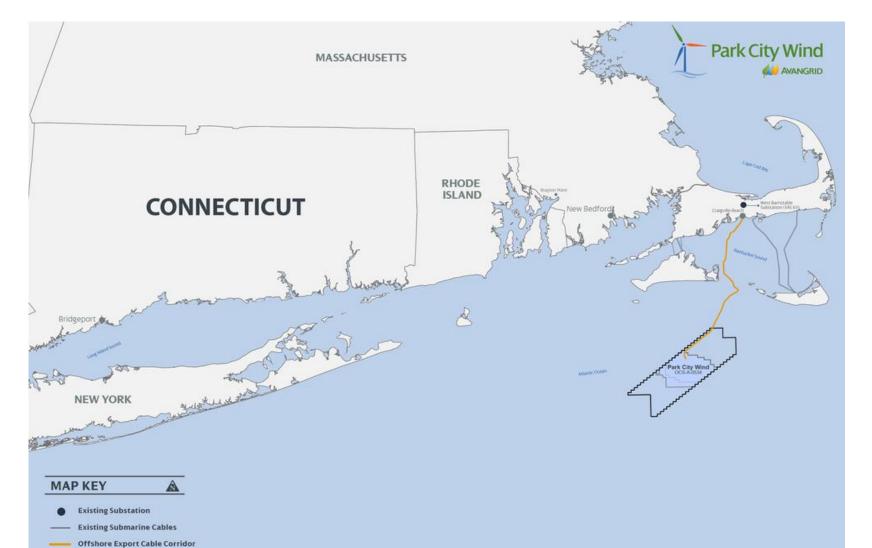
AUTHORITY

#### **Bridgeport – Avangrid Component Staging**





#### Bridgeport – Park City Wind Lease Area





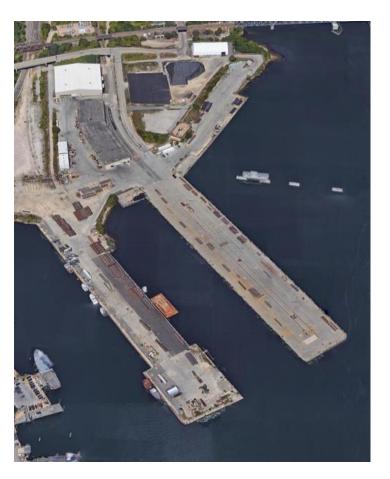
#### New London at-a-Glance



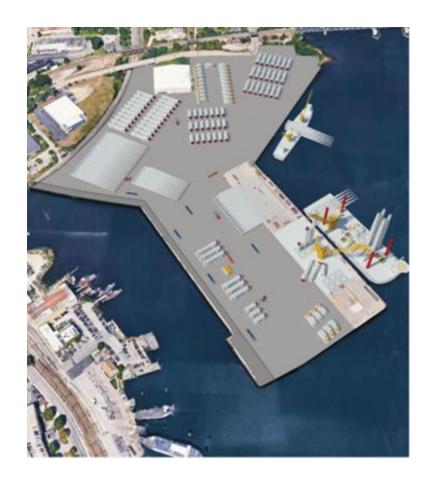


# **Transforming State Pier**

#### Before



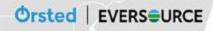
- The Connecticut Port Authority (CPA) and State of Connecticut have invested \$180.5 million and private partners Ørsted and Eversource have invested \$75 million to redevelop State Pier – a total investment of \$255.5 million.
- Expanded and leveled footprint for increased laydown area.
- Enhanced facility with added heavy-lift capability, expands the State Pier's uses.
- Generational improvements, plus longterm lease of the facility with marketleading operator Gateway Terminal in place to maximize utilization of the facility and start an exciting new chapter for State Pier, New London and the state.



After

# Revolution Wind South Fork Win Sunrise Wind

Awarded Under construction



### WIND FARM LOCATIONS

#### **Under construction**

South Fork Wind: 130MW

#### Awarded

Revolution Wind: 704MW

Sunrise Wind: approximately 924MW



- The first ever Jones Act-compliant offshore wind turbine installation vessel (WTIV) is under construction in Texas
- The vessel has been chartered by Orsted and Eversource for their Revolution Wind and Sunrise Wind projects
- New London will be the first port to host the working vessel

*Charybdis* 472'x184'x38' main crane boom length of 426' and lifting capacity of 2,200 tons

#### Connecticut Offshore Wind Strategic Action Plan



# Connecticut

Department of Economic and **Community Development** 





**EWIB** EASTERN CONNECTICUT WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD

SOUTHEASTERN

CONNECTICUT





# **Contact Information**

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www.CTPortAuthority.com

www.StatePierNewLondon.com



# New Jersey Wind Institute for Innovation and Training





### **WINDERSTITUTE** Wind Institute for Innovation and Training



- Galvanizing cross-stakeholder efforts to foster offshore wind workforce, education, research and innovation efforts
- \$12M in private funding and \$26.5M in public funding to date

### Wind Institute for Innovation and Training

#### **Workforce Development and Education**

- Coordinate and partner with education institutions from K-12 to four-year universities to prepare New Jersey offshore wind workforce
  - Offshore wind activity book for K-6 grade students
  - <u>KidWind</u> K-12 offshore wind curriculum, teacher training, <u>ReCharge Academy 2023</u> in Atlantic City
- Partner directly with industry to address workforce needs
  - Work with EEW to expand <u>welding and painting training programs</u> at votech schools in south Jersey (Gloucester, Salem, and Camden counties)
- Rowan College of South Jersey wind turbine tech training programs under development in collaboration with Orsted
- Atlantic Cape Community College <u>GWO Basic Safety & Sea Survival facility</u> in progress
- Identify and address emerging workforce gaps and opportunities
  - OSW Workforce Gap Analysis Study
  - Currently reviewing applications from <u>Offshore Wind Workforce and Skills Development Grant</u> <u>Challenge</u>

### **EEW Painting and Welding Case Study**

- Partnership between EEW AOS, NJEDA/Wind Institute, and local votech high schools/community colleges: Gloucester County Institute of Technology (GCIT), Salem County Vocational Technical School (SCVTS), Camden County Vocational Technical Schools, and Camden County College
- Identified EEW's specific training needs for submerged arc welding and marine coating, including specific equipment, materials, specs, and end of course testing requirements
- > Assessed local schools' existing programs and capacity/interest to expand programs to meet EEW's needs
- Provided funding and coordination support for "train the trainer" sessions, curriculum development, equipment and material purchases, instructor fees, marketing materials, and scholarships
- GCIT's programs began September 2022, SCVTS and Camden programs will begin in Summer 2023
  - Daytime courses provide high school students with welding training, with subarc welding added for juniors and seniors
  - Evening courses include 7-month intro to welding course, and multiple sessions of submerged arc welding (6 weeks), and marine coatings (3 weeks)
  - Afterschool program planned for Camden for secondary students at traditional public high schools

### WIND INSTITUTE Wind Institute for Innovation and Training

#### **Research and Innovation**

- Champion research and innovation that unlocks market potential
- <u>University Initiatives</u> to support research, curriculum development and expanded learning opportunities at R1 and R2 public universities
- Annual <u>Wind Institute Research Symposium</u> to highlight offshore wind research priorities and activities in New Jersey
- Wind Institute Fellowship to support university student research and exposure to offshore wind
  - First cohort supporting 26 fellows at Rutgers, Rowan, Montclair State and NJIT
  - Next year's cohort expanding to include Stockton and potentially students from Princeton, Stevens and Seton Hall
- Invest in offshore wind R&D ecosystem to further develop supply chain and promote job creation
- Joined the National OSW R&D Consortium 'and supporting national and regional research projects
- Conducted feasibility study for flagship OSW research and testing

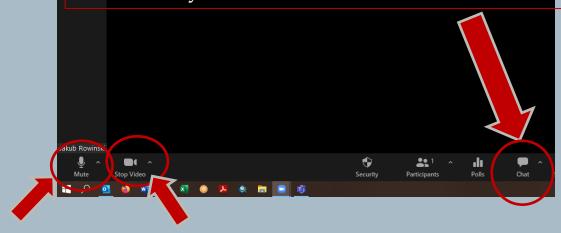
### **Feasibility Study for Flagship Wind Innovation Center**

- R&D facility envisioned as a physical anchoring asset for testing, validating, and refining emerging technological and innovations that demonstrate promise for OSW market and establish New Jersey as a hub for OSW technology research and innovation
- Bring together leading researchers and start ups with industry leaders in lab and office space combined with unique test facilities. This will be complemented with a virtual network, focusing digital resources on priority wind topics and a developing a data library for research products
- Potential focus areas: Climate-smart modeling, environmental impact assessment technologies, future transmission technologies and electrical infrastructure, power-to-X and storages solutions, and enabling component design and production
- Potential testing sites facilities: Transmission equipment testing and grid performance (high voltage testing and ancillary equipment, inter-operability of HVDC systems, Power-to-X and grid optimization) and deep tank
- Implementation will require industry investment and partnerships

## Off-Shore Wind Development Needs and Implications for Regional Planning and Transportation Workshop



Please use the Chat box to ask questions during the presentations and if requesting credits, please post your name and email, followed by AICP



Please mute and turn off your video when not speaking.

